



Nexus VCOM Introduction -Purpose



The main purpose for VCOM is to provide services for program-to-program communication for distributed application systems



- Different Operating System
- Different Network technologies
- Different Terminology



AS/400



MVS



Windows



Linux



VMS

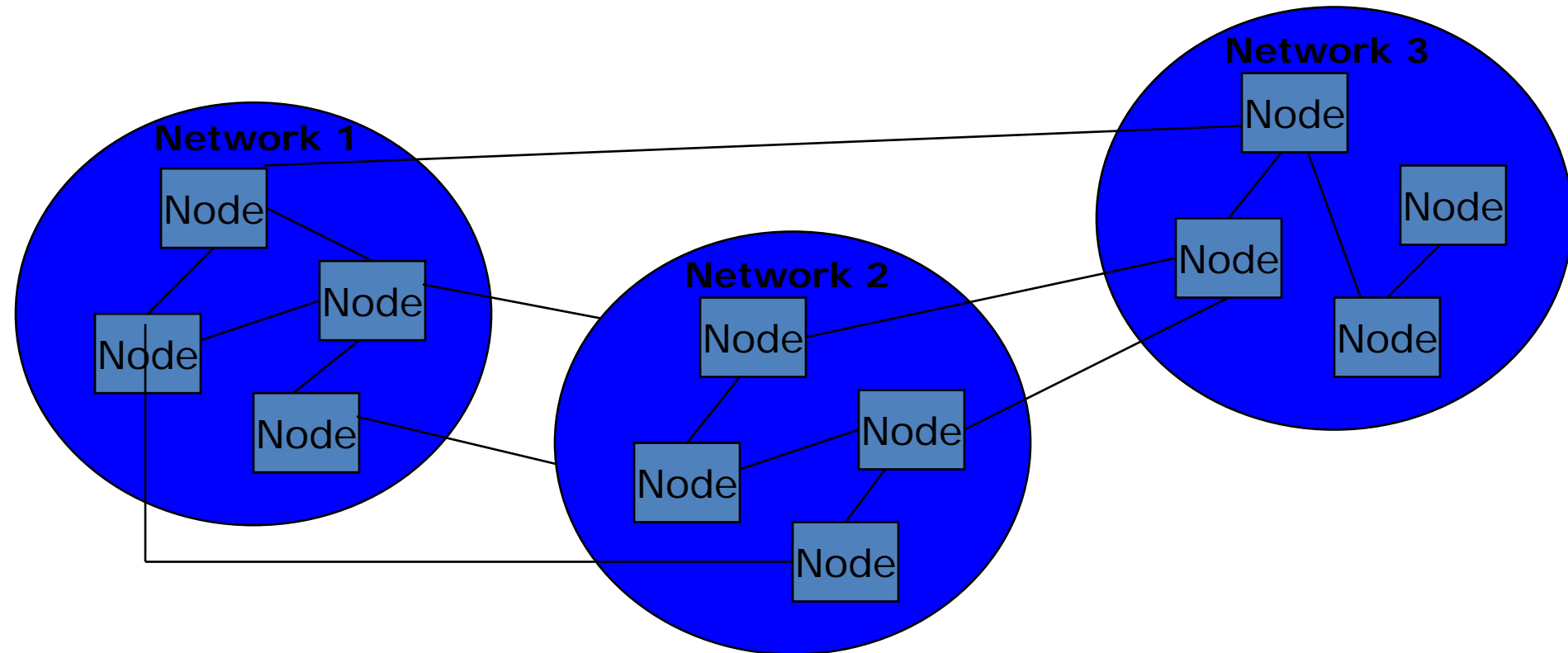
TCP/IP

DECNET

APPC



- Several VCOM nodes can be grouped together into one logical network
- One node can only belong to one VCOM network





- Distribution

- Can be seen as a letter, asynchronous
- No immediate contact between programs
- VCOM will handle transmission errors



- Conversation

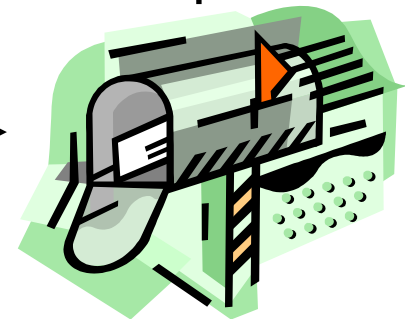
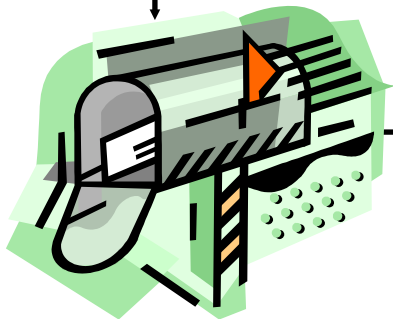
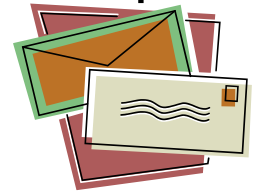
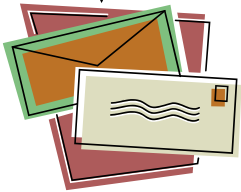
- Telephone call, synchronous
- Immediate contact between programs
- All error handling is responsibility of system designer



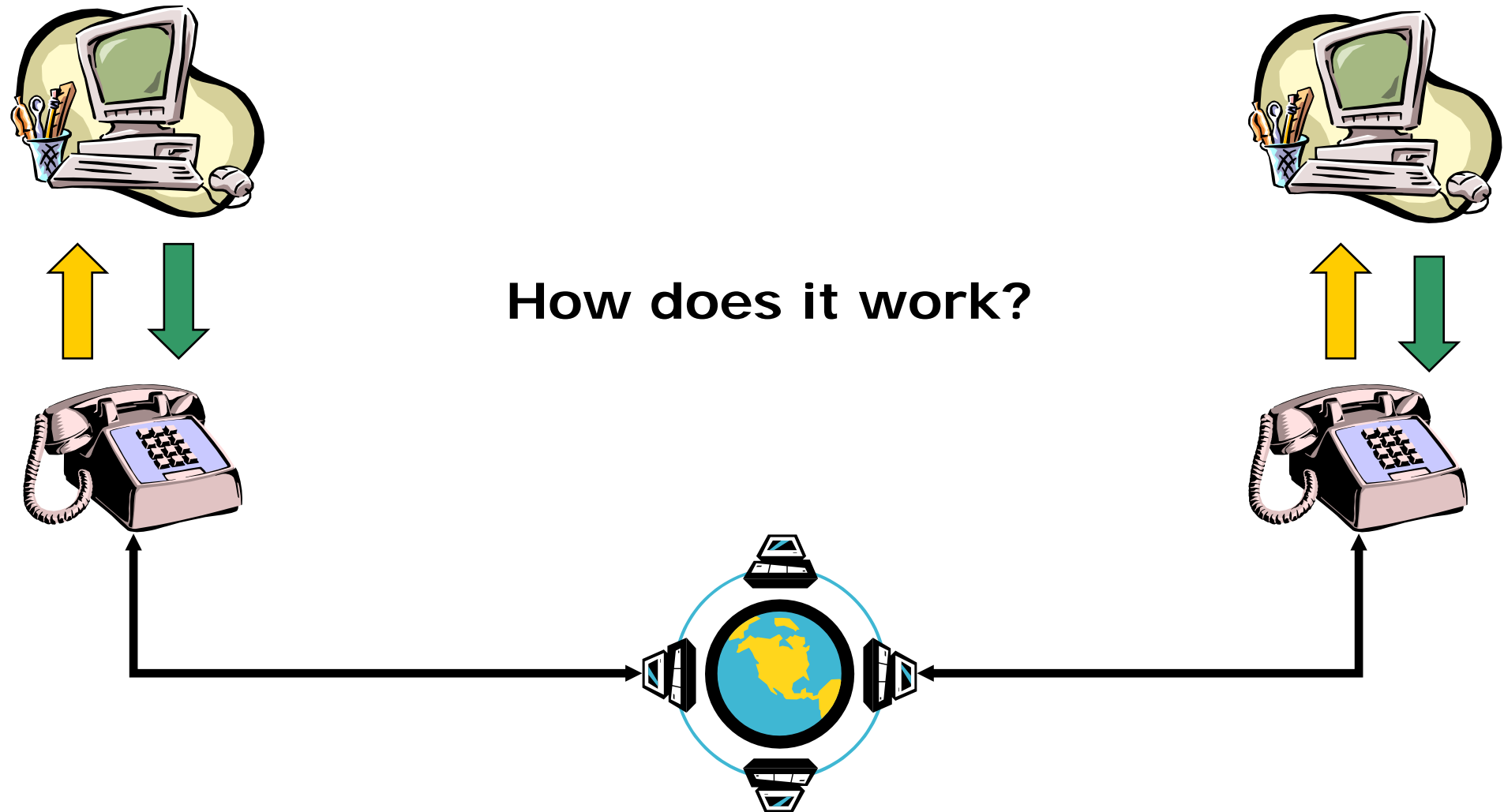


How does it work?

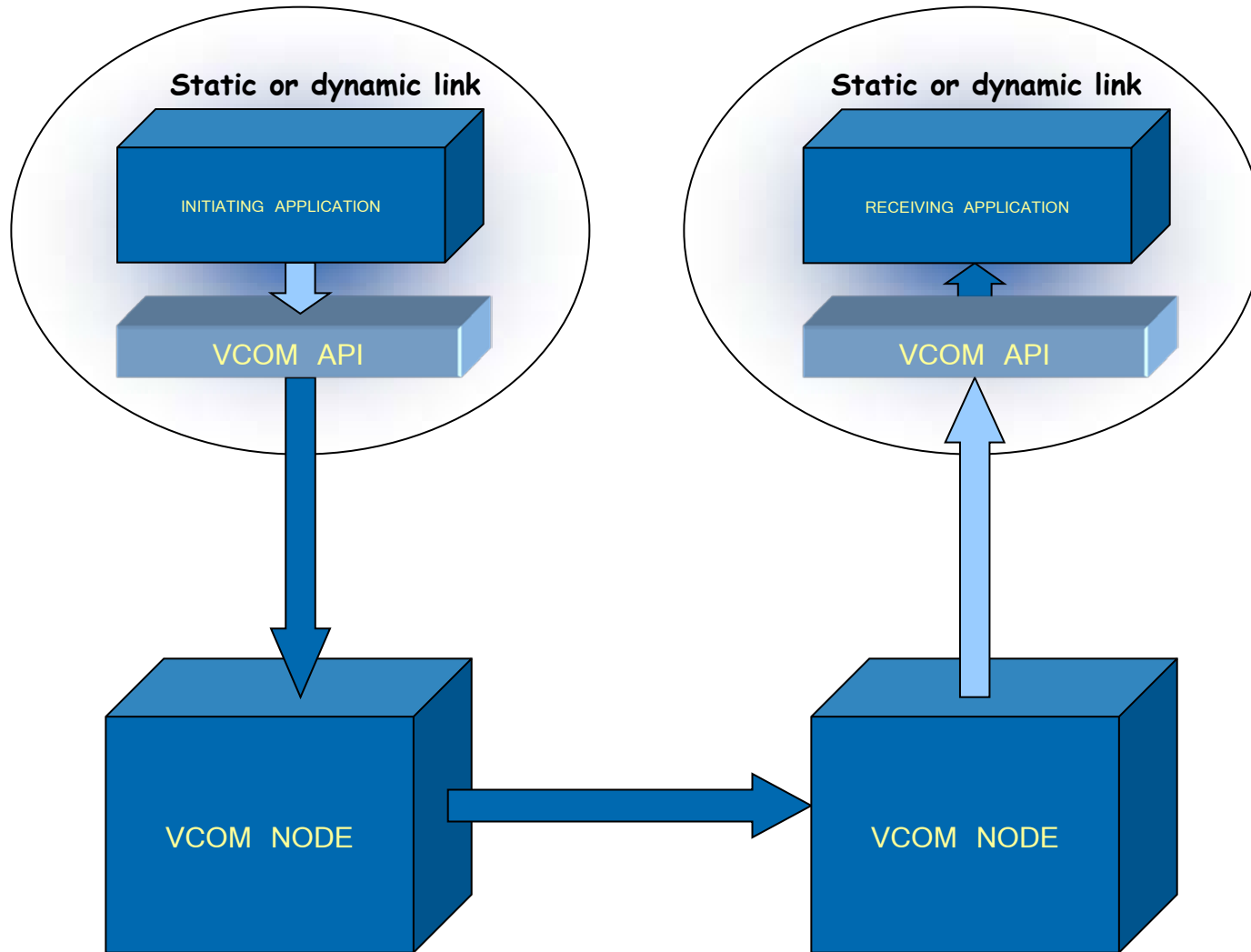
Distributions are one way communication



VCOM Introduction - Conversations



VCOM Introduction - Architecture



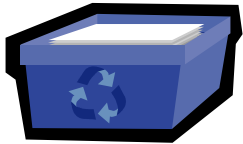


• Partners



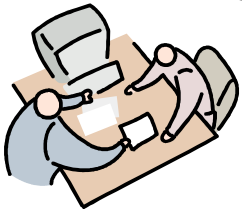
- Unique within a VCOM node
- The key to find the expediter, the receiver
- Does not identify the initiating program
- Always on the sending side

• Expeditors



- Identifies the responding program
- Unique within a VCOM Network
- Located on the receiving side

• Initiators



- Identifies the initiating programs data code
- Unique within a VCOM node.
- Must be used in a transmission between different platforms



nexus